

Comparison of Various Lighting Sources

Type of lamp	Lumens/Watt	Colour Rendering Index	Typical Application	Typical Life (Hours)	Diagraffi	Type of Lamp	Lumens/Watt	Colour Rendering Index	Typical Application	Typical Life (Hours)	Energy Flow Diagram
Incandescen	Range Avg. 8 - 18 14 t	Excellent	Home, Restaurants, General lighting, Emergency lighting		~10% Visible radiation 100% ~20% Loss by conduction and by IR-Infrared radiation convection		Range Avg. 67-121 90	Fair	General lighting in Factories, Ware houses, Street lighting	6000-	~15% Visible radiation 100% ~20% IR-Infrared radiation ~0.2% UV-Ultraviolet radiation

Type of lam	D Lumens/Watt	Colour Rendering Index	Typical Application	Typical Life (Hours)	Energy Flow Diagram	Type of Lamp	Lumens/Watt	Colour Rendering Index	Typical Application	Typical Life (Hours)	Energy Flow Diagram
Fluorescent	RangeAvg.46-6050	Good w.r.t	Offices, Shops, Hospitals, Homes	5000	~25% Visible radiation 100% ~45% Loss by conduction and by IR-Infrared radiation convection		Range Avg. 101-175 150	Poor	Roadways, Tunnels, Canals, Street lighting	6000- 12000	~15% Visible radiation 100% ~20% IR-Infrared radiation ~0.5% UV-Ultraviolet radiation

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Compact Fluorescent (CFL)	RangeAvg.40-7060	Very good	Hotels, Shops, Homes, Offices	8000 10000	~25% Visible radiation 100% ~45% Loss by conduction and by IR-Infrared radiation convection		Range 71-125		Good 70	Industrial ba Spot lightir Flood lighti Retails stor

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	Range	Avg.		General lighting in		~~15% Visible	
High Pressure Mercury Vapour (HPMV)	44-57	50	Fair	Factories, Garages, Car Parking Flood lighting	5000	<pre></pre>	

Type of Lamp	Lumens/Watt		Colour Rendering Index	Typical Application	Typical Life (Hours)	Energy Flow Diagram
	Range	Avg.				
Light Emitting Diode (LED's)	60-130	95	Good 70	Reading lights, Desk Lamps, Night lights, Spotlights, Signage lighting etc.	25,000- 50,000	100% 100 J Electrical energy 90 J Wasted as heat energy

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Halogen	Range 18-24	Avg. 20		Display, Flood Lighting, Stadium Exhibition grounds, Construction areas		~15% Visible radiation 100% ~60% Loss ~0.5% UV-Iltraviolet conduction and by convection

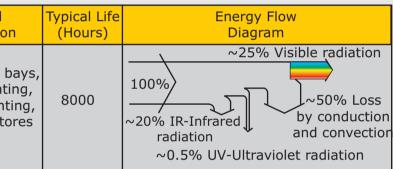
Source: Bureau of energy efficiency

Luminous Flux: The luminous flux describes the quantity of light emitted by a light. It is a measure of a lamp's economic efficiency: The most common measurement or unit of luminous flux is lumen (Im). The lumen rating of a lamp is a measure of the total light output of the lamp. Light sources of the distance (inverse square law)

Luminous Efficacy (Im/W): It is the ratio of luminous flux emitted by a lamp to the power consumed by the lamp. It is a reflection of efficiency of energy conversion from electricity to light form.

Colour Rendering Index (CRI): It is a measure of the effect of light on the perceived Colour of objects. To determine the CRI of a lamp, the Colour appearances of a set of standard Colour chips are measured with special equipment under a reference light source with the same correlated colour temperature as the lamp being evaluated. If the lamp renders the colour of the chips identical to the reference light source, its CRI is 100. If the Colour rendering differs from the reference light source, the CRI is less then 100. A low CRI indicates that some Colours may appear unnatural when illuminated by lamp.





Basic Parameters and Terms in Lighting System